

# COMMUNICABLE DISEASE REPORTING

## CONTACT INFORMATION:

### Toronto Public Health - Communicable Disease Surveillance Unit

277 Victoria Street, 10th Floor, Toronto, ON M5B 1W2

Phone: 416-392-7411 -- Fax: 416-392-0047

After hours: 3-1-1 or 416-392-CITY (2489) for callers from outside of Toronto

### Timely reporting of communicable diseases is essential for their control.

If you suspect or have laboratory confirmation of any of the following specified diseases of public health significance or their etiologic agents (as per Ontario Reg 135/18 and amendments under the Health Protection and Promotion Act) please report them to the local Medical Officer of Health.

Diseases marked \* should be reported **immediately** to the Medical Officer of Health by telephone (24 hours a day, 7 days a week) or fax (Mon-Fri, 8:30 am – 4:30 pm only). Other diseases can be reported the next working day by fax, phone, or mail.

Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)	Food poisoning, all causes	* <b>Meningococcal disease, invasive</b>
Acute Flaccid Paralysis	* <b>Gastroenteritis, outbreaks in institutions and public hospitals</b>	Mumps
Amebiasis	Giardiasis (symptomatic cases only)	Ophthalmia neonatorum
* <b>Anthrax</b>	Gonorrhoea	Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning
Blastomycosis	* <b>Group A Streptococcal disease, invasive</b>	Paratyphoid Fever
* <b>Botulism</b>	Group B Streptococcal disease, neonatal	Pertussis (Whooping Cough)
* <b>Brucellosis</b>	* <b>Haemophilus influenzae disease, all types, invasive</b>	* <b>Plague</b>
Campylobacter enteritis	* <b>Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome</b>	Pneumococcal disease, invasive
Carbapenemase-producing Enterobacteriaceae (CPE)	* <b>Hemorrhagic fevers, including:</b>	* <b>Poliomyelitis, acute</b>
Chancroid	1. *Ebola virus disease	Psittacosis/Ornithosis
Chickenpox (Varicella)	2. *Marburg virus disease	* <b>Q Fever</b>
Chlamydia trachomatis infections	3. *Other viral causes	* <b>Rabies</b>
* <b>Cholera</b>	* <b>Hepatitis, viral</b>	* <b>Respiratory infection outbreaks in institutions and public hospitals</b>
* <b>Clostridium difficile associated disease (CDAD) outbreaks in public hospitals</b>	1. *Hepatitis A	* <b>Rubella</b>
* <b>Coronavirus, novel including SARS, MERS and COVID-19</b>	2. Hepatitis B	Rubella, congenital syndrome
* <b>Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease, all types</b>	3. Hepatitis C	Salmonellosis
Cryptosporidiosis	Influenza	* <b>Shigellosis</b>
Cyclosporiasis	* <b>Lassa Fever</b>	* <b>Smallpox</b>
* <b>Diphtheria</b>	Legionellosis	Syphilis
Echinococcus multilocularis infection	Leprosy	Tetanus
Encephalitis, including:	Listeriosis	Trichinosis
1. Primary, viral	Lyme disease	Tuberculosis
2. Post-infectious	* <b>Measles</b>	Tularemia
3. Vaccine-related	* <b>Meningitis, acute</b>	Typhoid Fever
4. Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis	1. *Bacterial	* <b>Verotoxin-producing E. coli infection, including Haemolytic Uraemic Syndrome (HUS)</b>
5. Unspecified	2. Viral	West Nile Virus illness
	3. Other	Yersiniosis